Ecological Restoration

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Front Cover Feature:

DeGolier and colleagues examined the response of small mammals to floristic diversity and prescribed burns in prairie restorations. Here they found that annual changes in habitat structure due to prescribed burns maintained small mammal diversity. The authors suggest that techniques that promote differences in structural characteristics across prairie restorations are just as important as creating plantings with high floristic diversity for small mammal success. Pictured here is *Liatris pycnostachya* at Bluestem Prairie, MN. Photo Credit: Justin Meissen.

Back Cover Features:

Top: Adjacent prairie restorations with differing floristic diversity and structure successfully support small mammal populations. Photo credit: Griff DeGolier.

Middle: Diverse plantings of native grasses and herbaceous plants benefit birds and butterflies at the Yuma East Wetlands, AZ. Photo credit: Darren Miller.

Bottom: Conversion of smooth brome (*Bromus inermis*) to native switchgrass (*Panicum virgatum*) is most cost-effective utilizing herbicide and seeding. Photo credit: Michael Sundall

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